Unit 2 Test Study Guide

(Functions & Their Graphs)

Name:	
Date:	Per:

Topic 1: Evaluating Functions

For questions 1 and 2, evaluate the following, given $f(x) = \frac{x-2}{2x+3}$.

$$\frac{9-2}{2(9)+3} = \frac{7}{21} = \boxed{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$\frac{2. \ f(x-1)}{2(x-1)+3} = \boxed{\frac{x-3}{2x+1}}$$

For questions 3 and 4, evaluate the following, given $g(x) = 3x - x^2$.

3.
$$g(2x-1)$$

$$3(2x-1) - (2x-1)^{2}$$

$$= 6x-3 - (4x^{2}-4x+1)$$

$$= -4x^{2} + 10x-4$$

4.
$$g(-3x)$$

$$3(-3x) - (-3x)^{2}$$

= $-9x - 9x^{2}$
= $-9x^{2} - 9x$

For questions 5 and 6, evaluate the following, given $h(x) = \begin{cases} -4x+7 & \text{if } x \le -3 \\ -x^3+2x^2 & \text{if } x \ge -3 \end{cases}$.

5.
$$h(-7)$$

$$-(-3)^3 + 2(-3)^2$$

$$= 27 + 18 = 45$$

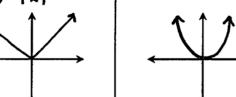
Topic 2: Parent Functions, Transformations, and Graphing

For each function family below, give the parent function and sketch the shape of its graph.

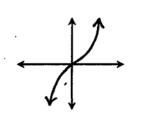


$$f(x) = x$$

8. Absolute Value
$$f(x) = |x|$$

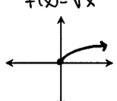


f(x)=x 10. Cubic 9. Quadratic

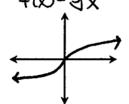


 $t(x)=x_3$

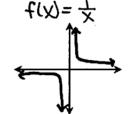
11. Square Root, $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$



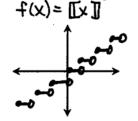
12. Cube Root f(x)=3x



13. Reciprocal



14. Greatest Integer



15. If the quadratic parent function is reflected in the y-axis and vertically compressed by a factor of ½, write an equation to represent the new function.

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}(-x)^2$$

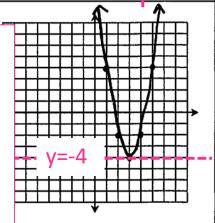
17. The absolute value parent function has transformations applied such that it creates an absolute maximum at (-2, 7). Write an eqution that could represent this new shape will function. be upside

$$f(x) = - |x+2| + 7$$

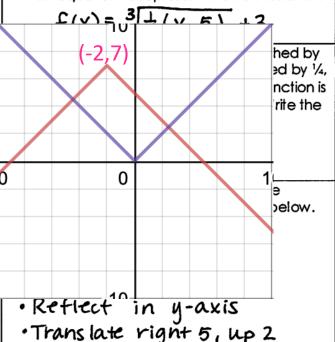
19. Describe all transformations from the parent function given the function below.

$$f(x) = -3\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^3 + 7$$

- · Vert stretch by 3
- · Horiz Stretch by 2
- · Reflect in X-axis Translate up 7

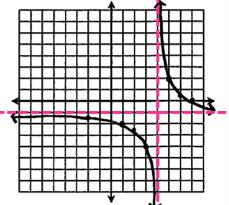


If the cube root parent function is horizontally stretched by a factor of 4, then translated 5 units right and 3 units up, write an equation to represent the new function.



Graph each function and identify all key characteristics.

21.
$$f(x) = \frac{3}{x-4} - 1$$



<u> </u>	
Domain: {x X + 나 }	Range: {4 4 + 1 }
x-int: (7,0)	y-int: (0, -1.75)

Extrema None

Increasing Interval:

None

Decreasing Interval: $(-\infty, 4)$

End Behavior:

As $x \to \infty$, $f(x) \to -1$ As x > -0, f(x) > -1

Domain:

x-int: (1.4,0), (4.4,0)

(3,-4) - Abs. Minimum

Increasing Interval: 3,00)

Decreasing Interval:

End Behavior:

As x + 00, f(x) + 00 As $X \rightarrow -\infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$

x-int. is where it crosses the x-axis and y = 0

22. $f(x) = 2(x-3)^2 - 4$

Set your equation equal to 0 and solve.

$$0=2(x-3)^2-4$$

$$4 = 2(x-3)^{2}$$
$$2 = (x-3)^{2}$$

Your "V

down a

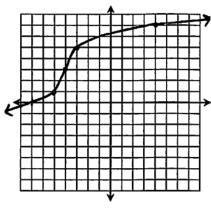
the max of (-2, 7)

$$\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{(x-3)^2}$$

$$\pm\sqrt{2} = x - 3$$

Now solve to get 2 answers for "x"

23.
$$f(x) = 2\sqrt[3]{(x+4)} + 3$$



Domain:	Range:
x-int: (~7.375, b)	y-int: (0,4.17)

Extrema

None

Increasing Interval: $(-\infty, \infty)$

Decreasing Interval:

End Behavior:

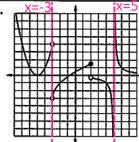
As
$$x \to \infty$$
, $f(x) \to \infty$

As x > -an f(x) -> -a

Topic 3: Piecewise Functions

Identify the domain and range of each graph below. State the location and type of any discontinuties.

24.

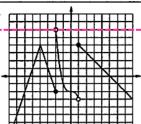


Discontinuities:

X=-3; jumo

X=Z; jump

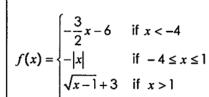
X=5; infinit

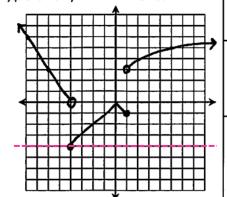


Domain:

Discontinuities:

26. Graph the function below. Identify the domain and range, then, state the location and type of any discontinuties.





Domain:

Range:

Discontinuities:

$$X=-4$$
; jump $X=1$; jump

Topic 4: Average Rate of Change

Find the average rate of change of the function on the given interval.

27.
$$f(x) = 2x^2 - 3x + 1$$
; [-3, 2]

$$M = \frac{3-28}{2+3} = \frac{-25}{5} = \frac{-5}{5}$$

28.
$$f(x) = \frac{2x-1}{x+3}$$
; [-10, -5]

$$M = \frac{3-28}{2+3} = \frac{-25}{5} = \boxed{-5}$$

$$M = \frac{11}{2} - \frac{3}{5} = \boxed{\frac{5}{2}}$$

$$-5+10 = \frac{5}{5} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$$

29. A football is kicked from a point on the ground such that its height h(t), in feet, is given by the equation $h(t) = -16t^2 + 80t$, where t is time in seconds. Find the average rate of change in the height of the ball from when it reaches its maximum height until it reaches the ground 6t2 + 80t

[2.5,5]

0 = -16t(t + 5)

 $t = \frac{-80}{2/-10} = 2.5$

0-100 =- 100 = -40 ft/sec

-16t = 0 & t-5 = 0

Topic 5: Tests for Symmetry / Even & Odd Functions

Use the graph to determine if the relations given below are symmetrical to the x-axis, y-axis, and/or origin. Confirm your answer algebraically.

30. $x^2 - y^2 = 4$

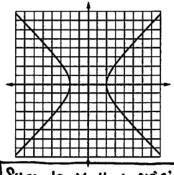
$$(-x)^2 - y^2 = 4$$

$$\chi^{2} - \gamma^{2} = 4$$

$$\chi^2 - (-4)^2 = 4$$

$$(-x)^2 - (-y)^2 = 4$$

 $x^2 - y^2 = 4$



31. y = |2x| - 5

Isym. to y-axis

Sum. to x, y, + origin Determine whether the function below is even, odd, or neither. Prove your answer algebraically.

32. $f(x) = -3x^3 + 5x$

$$f(-x) = -3(-x)^3 + 5(-x)$$

$$= 3x^3 - 5x$$

33. $f(x) = 5x^2 + 2x - 1$

$$f(-x) = 5(-x)^2 + 2(-x) - 1$$

 $=5x^{2}-2x-1$

EVEN AND ODD f(-x) - f(x)

f(-x) = -f(x)

DDC

1 Neither

(sym. to origin) odd

Topic 6: Function Operations & Compositions of Functions

Use f(x) = 3 - 2x, $g(x) = \sqrt{x+7}$, and $h(x) = x^2 - 5x$ to find each function below. Be sure to state any domain restrictions, wherever necessary.

34. (g+f)(x)

$$=\sqrt{x+7}-2x+3$$

35. $(h \cdot f)(x)$

$$(x^2-5x)(3-2x)$$

 $+2x^3+13y^2-15y$

$$\begin{array}{|c|c|}
\hline
3-2x \\
\hline
X^2-5x
\end{array}$$
Can't =

D: X + 0,5

Use $f(x) = -x^2 - 2x$, $g(x) = \sqrt{x+7}$, and h(x) = 3x - 1 to find each function below. Give the domain for each.

37.
$$(h \circ f)(x)$$

$$3(-x^2-2x)-1$$

= $-3x^2-6x-1$

38.
$$(f \circ g)(x)$$

$$-(\sqrt{x+7})^2-2(\sqrt{x+7})$$

$$=-(x+7)-2\sqrt{x+7}$$

 $= |-X-7-2\sqrt{X+7}|$

39.
$$(f \circ h)(x)$$

$$-(3X-1)^{2}-2(3X-1)$$

$$= -9X^2 + 1$$

D: R

Given h(x) below, find two functions, f and g, such that $(f \circ g)(x) = h(x)$.

40.
$$h(x) = \frac{5}{x-9} - 2$$
 The value of g(x) will be put 41. $h(x) = -\sqrt{2(x+5)} + 7$ into f(x)

$$f(x) = \frac{5}{x} - 2$$

$$g(x) = x - q$$

 $f(x) = \frac{5}{x} - 2$ Take the expression with g(x) = x-9 the x value in it and make it g(x) then rewrite g(x) = x+5

f(x) using just "x"

41.
$$h(x) = -\sqrt{2(x+5)} + 7$$

$$f(x) = -\sqrt{2x} + 7$$

Use
$$f(x) = |10-2x|$$
, $g(x) = \sqrt[3]{2x-3}$, and $h(x) = \frac{1}{2}x+5$ to evaluate each function below.

42.
$$(g-f)(15)$$

$$9(15) = \sqrt[3]{2(15)-3} = 3$$

$$f(15) = |10 - 2(15)| = 20$$

$$43. \left(\frac{h}{g}\right) (-12)$$

$$42. (g-f)(15)$$

$$g(15) = \sqrt[3]{2(15)-3} = 3$$

$$f(15) = |10-2(15)| = 20$$

$$43. (\frac{h}{g})(-12)$$

$$h(-12) = \frac{1}{2}(-12) + 5 = -1$$

$$g(-12) = \sqrt[3]{2(-12)-3} = -3$$

$$44. (g \circ h)(-6)$$

$$h(-6) = \frac{1}{2}(-6) + 5$$

$$= 2$$

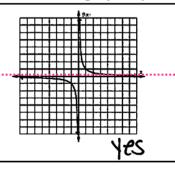
$$\frac{-1}{-3} = \boxed{\frac{1}{3}}$$

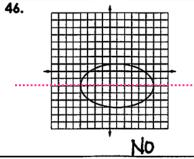
44.
$$(g \circ h) \left(-b \right)$$

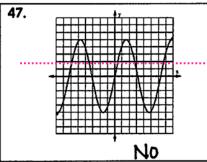
$$g(2) = \sqrt[3]{2(2)-3}$$

Topic 7: Inverse Functions

Determine if the graph represents a one-to-one function.







Determine if f(x) has an inverse, if yes, find $f^{-1}(x)$. State any restrictions in the domain.

48.
$$f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x-7} + 2$$

$$(x-2)^3 = y - 7$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = (x-2)^3 + 7$$

49.
$$f(x) = 2|x+5|$$

No Inverse;

fails Horiz. Line Test

50.
$$f(x) = 4x^2 - 7; x \ge 0$$

$$X = 4y^2 - 7$$

$$X+7 = 4y^2$$

$$X + 7 = y^2$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x+7}{4}}$$

51.
$$f(x) = \frac{x-6}{x+5}$$

$$xy - y = -5x - 6$$

 $y(y-1) = -5x - 6$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{-5x+6}{x-1}$$

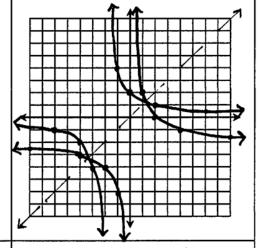
Prove f(x) and g(x) are inverses both algebraically and graphically.

52.
$$f(x) = \frac{4}{x} - 2$$

$$g(x) = \frac{4}{x+2}$$

$$(f \circ g)(x) = \frac{4}{\frac{4}{x+2}} - 2 = x+2-2 = x$$

$$(g \circ f)(x) = \frac{4}{\frac{4}{x} - 2 + 2} = \frac{4}{\frac{4}{x}} = \boxed{x}$$



53.
$$f(x) = \left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^3 - 3$$

$$g(x) = 2\sqrt[3]{x+3}$$

$$(fog)(x) = \left(\frac{1}{2}(2\sqrt[3]{x+3})\right)^3 - 3 = x+3-3 = x$$

$$(g \circ f)(x) = 2 \sqrt[3]{(\frac{1}{2}x)^3 - 3 + 3} = 2 \sqrt[3]{(\frac{1}{2}x)^3} = X$$

